Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

## **General Information**

Country of incorporation and domicile Namibia Nature of business and principal activities To control and exercise authority in respect of all matters as set out in section 5 of the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 Council members Prof. Cilas Wilders (President) Dr. Elga Renate Drews (Vice President) Dr. Christopher Mubita Likando Ms. Belinda Roselin Tsauses Ms. Cornelia Olga Griselda Afrikaner Ms. Ndapandula Hilaria Londo Ms. Dorothee Gerda Verrinder Ms. Irene Monica Garthoff Ms. Henriette Maritz Ms. Nadia Vermaak Ms. Carolie Cloete Mr. Marchin Kevin Mouton Mr. Efraim Paulus Mr. Katuna Kamuhanga Fr. Linus Ngenomesho Registered office 36 and 37 Schonlein Street Windhoek West Windhoek Namibia **Business address** 36 and 37 Schonlein Street Windhoek West Windhoek Namibia Postal address Private Bag 13387 Windhoek Namibia Bankers First National Bank of Namibia Ltd Auditors Saunderson & Co

Registered Accountants and Auditors Chartered Accountants (Namibia)

# Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

## Council Responsibilities and Approval

The Council is required by the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004), to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the Council as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NAC001): Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NAC001): Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Council acknowledge that it is ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the Council and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the Council to meet these responsibilities, the Council sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the Council and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the Council's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the Council is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the Council. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the Council endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The Council is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Council have reviewed the Council's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 March 2026 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the Council has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the Council's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the Council's external auditors and their report is presented on page 4 - 5.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 6 to 19, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the Council on 6 August 2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

Prof. Cilas Wilders (Former President)

Dr. C V Weyulu (Registrar)

# Registered Accountants, Auditors and Business Consultants



### Independent Auditor's Report

#### To the Members of Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia

# Opinion

We have audited the annual financial statements of Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia (the Council) set out on pages 6 to 19, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the annual financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the council members' report.

In our opinion, the annual financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia as at 31 March 2025, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NAC001): Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004).

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Council in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (Parts 1, 3 and 4A) (IESBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements in Namibia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in Namibia. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

The Council is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the document titled "Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025", which includes the Council Responsibilities and Approval and the supplementary information as set out on page 20. The other information does not include the annual financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Annual Financial Statements

The Council is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with the the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NAC001): Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004), and for such internal control as the Council determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the Council is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Council either intend to liquidate the Council or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

E-mail: mindongo@saunderson.com.na

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide
  a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Council.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Council use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and
  whether the annual financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

We communicate with the Council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Saunderson & Co

Registered Accountants and Auditors Chartered Accountants (Namibia)

Per: Edingtone Tafirenyika Partner

6 August 2025 Windhoek

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

#### Council Members' Report

The Council have pleasure in submitting their report on the annual financial statements of Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia for the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### 1. Incorporation

The council was established in Namibia on the 01 October 2004 via the enactment of the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004) as promulgated in the Government Gazette of the Republic of Namibia No. 3291 and Government Notices 212.

#### 2. Nature of business

The Council controls and exercises authority in respect of all matters as set out in section 5 of the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 and operates principally in Namibia.

There have been no material changes to the nature of the Council's business from the prior year.

#### 3. Review of financial results and activities

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NAC001): Namibian Statement on Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004). The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Council are set out in these annual financial statements.

#### 4. Council

The Council members in office at the date of this report are as follows:

#### Council

Prof. Cilas Wilders (President)

Dr. Elga Renate Drews (Vice President)

Dr. Christopher Mubita Likando

Ms. Belinda Roselin Tsauses

Ms. Cornelia Olga Griselda Afrikaner

Ms. Ndapandula Hilaria Londo

Ms. Dorothee Gerda Verrinder

Ms. Irene Monica Garthoff

Ms. Henriette Maritz

Ms. Nadia Vermaak

Ms. Carolie Cloete

Mr. Marchin Kevin Mouton

Mr. Efraim Paulus

Mr. Katuna Kamuhanga

Fr. Linus Ngenomesho

There have been no changes to the directorate for the period under review.

# 5. Events after the reporting period

On 13 December 2024, the Health Professions Act, 16 of 2024, was gazetted. The Act was brought into force on 20 March 2025, through Government Gazette No. 8604. Prior to the commencement of the new Act, the five Councils operated under separate Acts, namely, (the Social Work & Psychology Act 6 of 2004, Allied Health Professions Act 7 of 2004, Nursing Act 8 of 2004, Pharmacy Act 9 of 2004 and the Medical and Dental Act 10 of 2004).

Section 94(a) of the Health Professions Act, 2024 repealed the aforementioned Acts and consolidated the functions of the five individual statutory Councils into a single regulatory body.

While this legislative change does not affect the financial position of the entity as at 31 March 2025, it is expected to have significant implications for future financial management and reporting.

The former Councils each operated separate operational and investment accounts, including current accounts, call accounts, and unit trust accounts. On 16 April 2025, the newly established Council resolved to close all bank accounts held in the names of the Allied Health Professions Council, Medical and Dental Council, Nursing Council, Pharmacy Council, and Social Work and Psychology Council. The Council further resolved to convert the existing bank accounts in the name of the Health Professions Councils of Namibia and to transfer all funds from the former Councils' accounts into the accounts of the Health Professions Council of Namibia.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

#### **Council Members' Report**

#### Events after the reporting period (continued)

The Council is not aware of any other material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

#### 6. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

The members believe that the Council has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The members have satisfied themselves that the Council is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The members are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the Council. The members are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the Council.

#### 7. Litigation statement

The Council becomes involved from time to time in various claims and lawsuits incidental to the ordinary course of business. The Council is not currently involved in any such claims or lawsuits, which individually or in the aggregate, are expected to have a material adverse effect on the business or its assets.

#### 8. Statement of disclosure to the company's auditors

With respect to each person who is a Council member on the day that this report is approved:

- · there is, so far as the person is aware, no relevant audit information of which the Council's auditors are unaware; and
- the person has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a Council member to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Council's auditors are aware of that information.

## 9. Terms of appointment of the auditors

Saunderson & Co were appointed as the Council's auditors in accordance with the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004) for a 3 year term commenicing year ended March 2023 to year ended March 2025.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2025

		2025	2024
	Notes	N\$	N\$
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	2,669,462	2,669,462
Other financial assets	3	8,270,340	6,007,990
		10,939,802	8,677,452
Current Assets			
Inventories	4	8,486	17,385
Trade and other receivables	5	489,742	843,596
Cash and cash equivalents	6	5,904,187	4,845,407
		6,402,415	5,706,388
Total Assets		17,342,217	14,383,840
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Reserves		253,883	253,883
Retained income		12,969,804	10,098,510
		13,223,687	10,352,393
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8	4,118,530	4,031,447
Total Equity and Liabilities	: •	17,342,217	14,383,840

# Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

		2025	2024
	Note(s)	N\$	N\$
Revenue	9	252,240	351,710
Cost of sales	10	(55,130)	(54,291)
Gross profit		197,110	297,419
Other income	11	5,565,174	4,048,088
Operating expenses	12	(3,641,112)	(3,202,669)
Operating profit	-	2,121,172	1,142,838
Investment revenue	14	750,122	570,735
Profit for the year	_	2,871,294	1,713,573
Other comprehensive income		: <u>**</u>	0 <b>±</b> 00
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,871,294	1,713,573

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

A	Other Non- distributable Reserves	distributable income	Total equity
	N\$	N\$	N\$
Balance at 1 April 2023	253,883	8,384,937	8,638,820
Profit for the year	(6)	1,713,573	1,713,573
Other comprehensive income	182	=20	
Total comprehensive income for the year	1/4	1,713,573	1,713,573
Balance at 1 April 2024	253,883	10,098,510	10,352,393
Profit for the year		2,871,294	2,871,294
Other comprehensive income	-	170	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,871,294	2,871,294
Balance at 31 March 2025	253,883	12,969,804	13,223,687
Note	7		

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

	Notes	2025 N\$	2024 N\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers		6,021,567 (3,450,559)	4,435,156 (3,112,522)
Cash generated from operations Interest income	16	2,571,008 750,122	1,322,634 570,735
Net cash from operating activities	2.5 1.5	3,321,130	1,893,369
Cash flows from investing activities			
Net movement in other financial assets		(2,262,350)	(1,447,661)
Total cash movement for the year Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<b>1,058,780</b> 4,845,407	<b>445,708</b> 4,399,699
Total cash at end of the year	6	5,904,187	4,845,407

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

## **Accounting Policies**

#### 1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the Namibian Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NAC001): Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004). The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in Namibia Dollar.

The annual financial statements of Allied Health Professions Council of Namibia have been prepared on the basis of accounting as stated in note 1 to the financial statements. The basis of accounting and the presentation and disclosures contained in the financial statements are not intended to and do not comply with all the requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

#### 1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

#### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Management are required to make critical judgements in applying accounting policies from time to time. The judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the annual financial statements, are outlined as follows:

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

#### Impairment testing

The council reviews and tests the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, investment property on the cost model and intangible assets when events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. When such indicators exist, management determine the recoverable amount by performing value in use and fair value calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions. When it is not possible to determine the recoverable amount for an individual asset, management assesses the recoverable amount for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### Financial asset measured at cost and amortised cost

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 1.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the Council holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period. '

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Council and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Immovable property owned by the Council is classified as owner-occupied property and shown at cost less impairement and is not depreciated

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the Council.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

#### **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.2 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows;

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Furniture and fixtures	Straight line	10 years
Motor vehicles	Straight line	5 years
Office equipment	Straight line	6 years

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

Impairment tests are performed on property, plant and equipment when there is an indicator that they may be impaired. When the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed to be higher than the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss to bring the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised.

#### 1.3 Financial instruments

#### Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

### Financial instruments at amortised cost

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial instruments at cost

Equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are measured at cost less impairment.

#### 1.4 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee. All other leases are operating leases.

#### Finance leases - lessee

Finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments.

The lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability using the effective interest method.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

## **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.4 Leases (continued)

#### Operating leases - lessor

Operating lease income is recognised as an income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless:

- another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the benefit from the leased asset, even if the receipt of payments is not on that basis, or
- the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation (based on published indexes or statistics) to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

#### 1.5 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell, on the weighted average cost basis.

#### 1.6 Impairment of assets

The Council assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an assetmay be impaired.

If there is any such indication, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 1.7 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of goods to the buyer, or has rendered services under an agreement provided the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes and discounts.

Interest is recognised, in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Notes to the Annual Financial Statements**

,					2025 N\$	2024 N\$
2. Property, plant and equipmen	nt					
		2025			2024	
	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Carrying value	e Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Carrying value
Buildings Office equipment	2,669,462 2,295	(2,295)	2,669,46	2 2,669,462 - 2,295		2,669,462
Total	2,671,757	(2,295)	2,669,46	2,671,757	(2,295)	2,669,462
Cost or revaluation Accumulated depreciation and impai Net book value at 31 March 2025	rment		_	2,669,462 - 2,669,462	equipment 2,295 (2,295)	2,671,757 (2,295) <b>2,669,462</b>
Net book value at beginning of year	r		-	2,669,462	15TA	2,669,462
Reconciliation of property, plant a	nd equipment - 2	024	2			
				Buildings	Office equipment	Total
Cost or revaluation Accumulated depreciation and impai	rment			2,669,462	2,295 (2,295)	2,671,757 (2,295)
Net book value at 31 March 2024			_	2,669,462	(*)	2,669,462
Net book value at beginning of yea	r		_	2,669,462	) <b>44</b>	2,669,462

# Allied Health Professions Council Of Namibia Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

	2025 N\$	2024 N\$
2. Property, plant and equipment (continued)		
Details of properties		
Erf 4173 1/5th share of Erf No. 4173, Windhoek, measuring 1,068 square metres, with office building Cost	215,974	215,974
Erf 4168 1/5th share of Erf No. 4168, Windhoek, measuring 1,256 square metres, with office building - Cost	780,434	780,434
Erf 4171 1/5th share of Erf No. 4171, Windhoek, measuring 1,070 square metres, with office building Cost	828,511	828,511
Erf 4169 1/5th share of Erf No. 4169, Windhoek, measuring 1,070 square metres, with office building - Cost	844,542	844,542
Erf No 4173 was revalued by an independent valuer, Joseph Mbangula on 2 May 2025, to the vaule of on income approach. 1/5th valuation applicable to Council amounts to N\$2,450,000.	`N\$12,250,000. The v	alue was based
Erf No 4168 was revalued by an independent valuer, Joseph Mbangula on 2 May 2025, to the vaule of Nincome approach. 1/5th valuation applicable to Council amounts to N\$1,876,000.	N\$9,380,000. The valu	e was based or
Erf No 4171 was revalued by an independent valuer, Joseph Mbangula on 2 May 2025, to the vaule of Nincome approach. 1/5th valuation applicable to Council amounts to N\$1,530,000.	N\$7,650,000. The valu	e was based or
Erf No 4169 was revalued by an independent valuer, Joseph Mbangula on 2 May 2025, to the vaule of income approach. 1/5th valuation applicable to Council amounts to N\$1,366,000.	N\$6,830,000. The valu	e was based or
Valuation Erf No 4173 Erf No 4168 Erf No 4171 Erf No 4169	12,250,000 9,380,000 7,650,000 6,830,000	12,080,000 9,260,000 7,550,000 6,750,000
	36,110,000	35,640,000
3. Other financial assets		
At amortised cost FNB Namibia Unit Trust Funds Investment made in FNB Namibia Money Market Fund A	8,270,340	6,007,990
Non-current assets At amortised cost	8,270,340	6,007,990
4. Inventories		

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

	2025 N\$	2024 N\$
5. Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables Other receivable - Speedpoint (Joint)	489,742	818,163 25,433
	489,742	843,596
6. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Bank balances Short-term deposits	1,010,621 4,893,566	139,532 4,705,875
	5,904,187	4,845,407
7. Non - distributable reserves		
Arising from acquiring the net assets of former Boards as contemplated in section 4 of the Allied Health Professions Act, 2004 (Act 7 of 2004)	253,883	253,883
8. Trade and other payables		
Amounts received in advance Money received control account	2,765,920 1,352,610	2,808,515 1,222,932
	4,118,530	4,031,447
9. Revenue		
Sale of goods	252,240	351,710
10. Cost of sales		
Sale of goods Cost of goods sold - books and consumable stock	55,130	54,291
11. Other income		
Fees earned Movement in provision for doubtful debts	5,464,214	3,874,707 42,981
Fines received Rental income	100,960	40,000 90,400
	5,565,174	4,048,088
12. Operating expenses		
Operating expenses include the following expenses:		
Annual contribution to the Joint Health Professions Council Hearing and appeals	2,000,000 561,350	2,000,000 141,054
13. Auditor's remuneration		
Fees	30,324	29,158

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

	2025 N\$	2024 N\$
14. Investment revenue		
Interest revenue Bank	750,122	570,735
15. Taxation	: <del></del>	
No provision has been made for tax as the Council is exempt from income tax.		
16. Cash generated from operations		
Net profit before taxation Investment income	2,871,294 (750,122)	1,713,573 (570,735)
Changes in working capital: (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	8,899 353,854 87,083	(10,902) 35,358 155,340
	2,571,008	1,322,634

# 17. Contingencies

The Council is managed by a joint management entity, which also manages the business of four (4) other Councils. The ultimate financial responsibility for the financial affairs of the management entity lies with these five (5) Councils.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

2025	2024 No.
N\$	N\$

# 18. Related parties

Relationships Related Councils

Nursing Council of Namibia Medical and Dental Council of Namibia

Pharmacy Council of Namibia

Social Work and Psychology Council of Namibia

Managing Council

Health Professions Councils of Namibia

Related party balances and transactions with other related parties

Related party balances

Inter-Council Transfers - Owing (to) by related parties

Health Professions Councils of Namibia

25,433

The Allied Health Professions Council of Namibia is managed by the Health Professions Council of Namibia. In return for these management services performed, the Allied Health Professions Council of Namibia pays an annual contribution to the Health Preofessions Council of Namibia for administrative purposes.

# Related party transactions

Contributions paid Health Professions Councils of Namibia	2,000,000	2,000,000
19. Categories of financial instruments		
Debt instruments at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents Other financial asset Trade and other receivables	5,904,187 8,270,340 489,742	4,845,407 6,007,990 843,596
	14,664,269	11,696,993
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	1,352,608	1,222,931

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

## **Detailed Income Statement**

	Notes	2025 N\$	2024 N\$
Revenue			
Sale of goods	==	252,240	351,710
Cost of sales			
Opening stock		(17,385)	(6,483)
Purchases		(46,231)	(65,193)
Closing stock		8,486	17,385
	10	(55,130)	(54,291)
Gross profit	÷	197,110	297,419
Other income			
Fees earned		5,464,214	3,874,707
Movement in provision for doubtful debts		:( <del>+</del> )	42,981
Fines received		350	40,000
Rental income		100,960	90,400
		5,565,174	4,048,088
Operating expenses			
Advertising		1,762	1,718
Annual contribution to the Joint Health Professions Council		2,000,000	2,000,000
Auditors remuneration	13	30,324	29,158
Bank charges		150,114	115,679
Catering expenses		48,581	33,553
Consulting expenses			51,415
Curriculum Evaluation		36,300	16,250
Evaluation expenses		116,490	115,800
Hearings and Appeals		561,350	141,054
Inspection expenses		77,050	54,000
Legal opinions and high court matters		17,901	32,731
Meeting expenses		227,660	347,753
Movement in provision for doubtful debts		149,701	9
Practising cards		68,880	68,862
Travel and accomodation	·-	154,999	194,696
	<b>∀</b> ⊆	3,641,112	3,202,669
Operating profit	1.4	2,121,172	1,142,838
Investment income	14	750,122	570,735
Profit for the year		2,871,294	1,713,573